

Please visit website: <http://cxyroad.com>

劝退记录：大文件上传

=====

需求

--

上传大文件到minio

分析

--

查询资料有方案如下：

一、切片上传

前端将大文件进行分片，例如一个50MB的文件，分成10片，每个片5MB。然后发10个HTTP请求，将这10个分片数据发送给后端，后端根据分片的下标和Size来往磁盘文件的不同位置写入分片数据，10个分片全部写完后即得到一个完整的文件。

二、ossutil

ossutil支持通过Windows、Linux和[macOS](<http://cxyroad.com/>
”<https://so.csdn.net/so/search?q=macOS&spm=1001.2101.3001.7020>”)系统以命令行方式管理OSS数据。

使用ossutil的话就需要考虑如何集成到后端系统，如何监控的问题，故最终选择切片上传

实现

--

流程设计

![1715931100028.png](https://p6-juejin.byteimg.com/tos-cn-i-k3u1fbpfcp/cd4874c3134c4c9190f8d58330d4debf~tplv-k3u1fbpfcp-jj-mark:3024:0:0:0:q75.awebp#?w=1062&h=636&s=26397&e=png&b=ffffff)

![image.png](https://p1-juejin.byteimg.com/tos-cn-i-k3u1fbpfcp/14772b620dff47ac9a5e2681681696de~tplv-k3u1fbpfcp-jj-mark:3024:0:0:0:q75.awebp#?w=1233&h=939&s=108032&e=png&b=fafa)

![image.png](https://p1-juejin.byteimg.com/tos-cn-i-k3u1fbpfcp/ad455cdc786445dbb6f79e87fdff5a44~tplv-k3u1fbpfcp-jj-mark:3024:0:0:0:q75.awebp#?w=1312&h=1210&s=115715&e=png&b=fafa)

接口划分

1. 获取上传文件接口

```
...
/**
 * 获取上传文件
 */
@ApiLog(value = "获取上传文件")
@ApiOperation(value = "获取上传文件")
@GetMapping("/getUploadingFile/{fileMD5}")
@ApiOperationSupport(order = 1)
public R getUploadingFile(@PathVariable String fileMD5) {
    if (StringUtils.isBlank(fileMD5)) {
        throw new ServiceException("未传文件MD5值");
    }
    HashMap<String, Object> redisMap = (HashMap<String, Object>)redisTemplate.opsForHash().entries(fileMD5);
    if (redisMap != null && redisMap.size() > 0) {
        FileUploadInfo fileUploadInfo = getFileUploadInfo(redisMap);
        // 查询上传后的分片数据
        MinioClient minioClient = ossBuilder.minioClient();
        fileUploadInfo.setChunkUploadedList(MinioUtils.getChunkByFileMD5(minioClient, fileUploadInfo.getFileName(), fileUploadInfo.getUploadId(), "oa-cloud"));
        return R.data(fileUploadInfo);
    }
    return R.fail("未找到上传文件");
}
```

```
}
```

```
...
```

2. 检验文件是否存在

```
...
```

```
/**
```

```
 * 校验文件是否存在
```

```
 *
```

```
 * @param md5 String
```

```
 * @return ResponseResult<Object>
```

```
 */
```

```
@GetMapping("/multipart/check")
```

```
@ApiOperation(value = "校验文件是否存在")
```

```
@ApiOperationSupport(order = 2)
```

```
public R checkFileUploadedByMd5(@RequestParam("md5") String md5)
```

```
{
```

```
    if (StringUtils.isEmpty(md5)) {
```

```
        throw new ServiceException("访问参数无效");
```

```
    }
```

```
    return getByFileMD5(md5);
```

```
}
```

```
...
```

3. 分片初始化

```
...
```

```
/**
```

```
 * 分片初始化
```

```
 *
```

```
 * @param fileUploadInfo 文件信息
```

```
 * @return ResponseResult<Object>
```

```
 */
```

```
@PostMapping("/multipart/init")
```

```
@ApiOperation(value = "分片初始化")
```

```
@ApiOperationSupport(order = 3)
```

```
public R initMultiPartUpload(@RequestBody FileUploadInfo
```

```
fileUploadInfo) {
```

```
    return R.data(init(fileUploadInfo));
```

```
}
```

```
...
```

4.完成上传

```
...
/**
 * 完成上传
 *
 * @param fileUploadInfo 文件信息
 * @return ResponseResult<Object>
 */
@PostMapping("/multipart/merge")
@ApiOperation(value = "完成上传")
@ApiOperationSupport(order = 4)
public R completeMultiPartUpload(@RequestBody FileUploadInfo
fileUploadInfo) {
    //合并文件
    String url = mergeMultipartUpload(fileUploadInfo);
    //获取上传文件地址
    if (StringUtils.isNotBlank(url)) {
        return R.data(url);
    }
    throw new ServiceException("上传失败");
}
...
```

5.上传文件

```
...
@PostMapping("/multipart/uploadScreenshot")
@ApiOperation(value = "上传切片文件")
@ApiOperationSupport(order = 5)
@SneakyThrows
public R uploaduploadScreenshot(@RequestParam("photos") MultipartFile[]
photos,
                                @RequestParam("buckName") String buckName) {

    for (MultipartFile photo : photos) {
        if (!photo.isEmpty()) {
            BladeFile bladeFile =
ossBuilder.template().putFile(photo.getOriginalFilename(),
photo.getInputStream());
        }
    }
}
```

```
    return R.status(true);
}
```

...

6.提出来的service方法

...

```
public String mergeMultipartUpload(FileUploadInfo fileUploadInfo) {
    HashMap<String, Object> redisMap = (HashMap<String,
Object>)redisTemplate.opsForHash().entries(fileUploadInfo.getFileMd5());
    FileUploadInfo redisFileUploadInfo = getFileUploadInfo(redisMap);
    if (redisFileUploadInfo != null) {
        fileUploadInfo.setFileName(redisFileUploadInfo.getFileName());
    }
    MinioClient minioClient = ossBuilder.minioClient();
    boolean result = MinioUtils.mergeMultipartUpload(minioClient,
fileUploadInfo.getFileName(), fileUploadInfo.getUploadId(), "oa-cloud");
    //合并成功
    if (result) {
        //存入数据库
        ShotFile files = saveMergeFileToDB(fileUploadInfo);
        redisTemplate.delete(fileUploadInfo.getFileMd5());
        return files.getFileUrl();
    }
    return null;
}
```

```
private ShotFile saveMergeFileToDB(FileUploadInfo fileUploadInfo) {
    String suffix =
fileUploadInfo.getFileName().substring(fileUploadInfo.getFileName().lastIn
dexOf("."));
    Date date = DateUtil.date();
    String today = DateUtil.format(date, "yyyyMMdd");
    String url = oss + "/" + fileUploadInfo.getFileName();
    //存入数据库
    ShotFile files = new ShotFile();
    BeanUtils.copyProperties(fileUploadInfo, files);
    files.setFileUrl(url);
    shotFileMapper.insert(files);
    return files;
}
```

...

```

...
private ShotFile saveFileToDB(FileUploadInfo fileUploadInfo) {
    String suffix =
fileUploadInfo.getFileName().substring(fileUploadInfo.getFileName().lastIn
dexOf("."));
    Date date = DateUtil.date();
    String today = DateUtil.format(date, "yyyyMMdd");
    String url = oss + shot_path + "/" + today + "/"
+fileUploadInfo.getFileMd5() + suffix;
    //存入数据库
    ShotFile files = new ShotFile();
    BeanUtils.copyProperties(fileUploadInfo, files);
    files.setFileUrl(url);
    shotFileMapper.insert(files);
    return files;
}

public R getByFileMD5(String md5) {
    // 从redis获取文件名称和id
    HashMap<String, Object> redisMap = (HashMap<String,
Object>)redisTemplate.opsForHash().entries(md5);
    FileUploadInfo fileUploadInfo = getFileUploadInfo(redisMap);
    if (fileUploadInfo != null) {
        // 正在上传, 查询上传后的分片数据
        MinioClient minioClient = ossBuilder.minioClient();
        List<Integer> chunkList =
MinioUtils.getChunkByFileMD5(minioClient, fileUploadInfo.getFileName(),
fileUploadInfo.getUploadId(), "oa-cloud");
        fileUploadInfo.setChunkUploadedList(chunkList);
        //正在上传
        fileUploadInfo.setStatus(2);
        return R.data(fileUploadInfo);
    }
    // 查询数据库是否上传成功
    ShotFile one = shotFileMapper.selectOne(new
LambdaQueryWrapper<ShotFile>().eq(ShotFile::getFileMd5, md5));
    if (one != null) {
        FileUploadInfo mysqlsFileUploadInfo = new FileUploadInfo();
        BeanUtils.copyProperties(one, mysqlsFileUploadInfo);
        mysqlsFileUploadInfo.setStatus(1);
        return R.data(mysqlsFileUploadInfo);
    }
    FileUploadInfo result = new FileUploadInfo();
    result.setStatus(0);
    return R.data(result);
}
...

```

```

...
public Map<String, Object> init(FileUploadInfo fileUploadInfo) {
    HashMap<String, Object> redisGetMap = (HashMap<String,
Object>)redisTemplate.opsForHash().entries(fileUploadInfo.getFileMd5());
    FileUploadInfo redisFileUploadInfo = getFileUploadInfo(redisGetMap);
    if (redisFileUploadInfo != null) {
        fileUploadInfo = redisFileUploadInfo;
    }
    // 单文件上传
    if (fileUploadInfo.getChunkNum() == 1) {
        //保存文件
        ShotFile files = saveFileToDB(fileUploadInfo);
        String fileName =
files.getFileUrl().substring(files.getFileUrl().lastIndexOf("/") + 1);
        return MinioUtils.getUploadObjectUrl(files.getFileUrl());
    }
    // 分片上传
    else {
        MinioClient minioClient = ossBuilder.minioClient();
        Map<String, Object> map =
MinioUtils.initMultiPartUpload(minioClient, fileUploadInfo,
fileUploadInfo.getFileName(), fileUploadInfo.getChunkNum(),
fileUploadInfo.getContentType(), "oa-cloud");
        String uploadId = (String) map.get("uploadId");
        fileUploadInfo.setUploadId(uploadId);
        HashMap<String, Object> redisMap = new HashMap<>();
        redisMap.put("fileName",fileUploadInfo.getFileName());
        redisMap.put("fileSize",fileUploadInfo.getFileSize());
        redisMap.put("contentType",fileUploadInfo.getContentType());
        redisMap.put("chunkNum",fileUploadInfo.getChunkNum());
        redisMap.put("uploadId",fileUploadInfo.getUploadId());
        redisMap.put("chunkSize",fileUploadInfo.getChunkSize());
        redisMap.put("fileMd5",fileUploadInfo.getFileMd5());
        redisMap.put("fileType",fileUploadInfo.getFileType());
        redisMap.put("chunkUploadedList",fileUploadInfo.getChunkUploadedList
());
        redisTemplate.opsForHash().putAll(fileUploadInfo.getFileMd5(),redisMap);

        redisTemplate.expire(fileUploadInfo.getFileMd5(),
Duration.ofDays(1));
        return map;
    }
}
...

```

7.MinioUtil

```
...  
package org.springblade.resource.utils;  
  
import cn.hutool.core.text.CharSequenceUtil;  
import com.google.common.collect.HashMultimap;  
import io.minio.GetPresignedObjectUrlArgs;  
import io.minio.ListPartsResponse;  
import io.minio.MinioClient;  
import io.minio.http.Method;  
import io.minio.messages.Part;  
import lombok.extern.slf4j.Slf4j;  
import org.apache.commons.lang3.StringUtils;  
import org.springblade.core.log.exception.ServiceException;  
import org.springblade.core.tool.api.R;  
import org.springblade.resource.entity.FileUploadInfo;  
  
import java.util.ArrayList;  
import java.util.HashMap;  
import java.util.List;  
import java.util.Map;  
import java.util.concurrent.TimeUnit;  
import java.util.stream.Collectors;  
  
@Slf4j  
public class MinioUtils {  
  
    private CustomMinioClient customMinioClient;  
  
    /**  
     * 通过 sha256 获取上传中的分片信息  
     *  
     * @param objectName 文件全路径名称  
     * @param uploadId 返回的uploadId  
     * @param bucketName 桶名称  
     * @return Mono<Map < String, Object>>  
     */  
    public static List<Integer> getChunkByFileMD5(MinioClient client,  
String objectName, String uploadId, String bucketName) {  
        log.info("通过 <{}-{}-{}> 查询<minio>上传分片数据", objectName,  
uploadId, bucketName);  
        try {  
            // 查询上传后的分片数据  
            ListPartsResponse partResult =
```

```

getCustomMinioClient(client).listMultipart(bucketName, null, objectName,
1000, 0, uploadId, null, null);
    return
partResult.result().partList().stream().map(Part::partNumber).collect(Colle
ctors.toList());
    } catch (Exception e) {
        log.error("error message: 查询上传后的分片信息失败、原因:", e);
        return null;
    }
}

```

```

private static CustomMinioClient getCustomMinioClient(MinioClient
client) {
    CustomMinioClient customMinioClient = new
CustomMinioClient(client);
    return customMinioClient;
}

```

```
/**
```

```
* 单文件签名上传
```

```
*
```

```
* @param url 文件全路径名称
```

```
* @return /
```

```
*/
```

```

public static Map<String, Object> getUploadObjectUrl(String url) {
    try {
        log.info("tip message: 通过 <{}-{}> 开始单文件上传<minio>", url);
        Map<String, Object> resMap = new HashMap();
        List<String> partList = new ArrayList<>();
        log.info("tip message: 单个文件上传、成功");
        partList.add(url);
        resMap.put("uploadId", "SingleFileUpload");
        resMap.put("urlList", partList);
        return resMap;
    } catch (Exception e) {
        log.error("error message: 单个文件上传失败、原因:", e);
        // 返回 文件上传失败
        return null;
    }
}

```

```
/**
```

```
* 初始化分片上传
```

```
*
```

```
* @param fileUploadInfo
```

```
* @param objectName 文件全路径名称
```

```
* @param chunkNum 分片数量
```

```
* @param contentType 类型, 如果类型使用默认流会导致无法预览
```

```

* @param bucketName 桶名称
* @return Mono<Map < String, Object>>
*/
public static Map<String, Object> initMultiPartUpload(MinioClient
minioClient, FileUploadInfo fileUploadInfo, String objectName, int
chunkNum, String contentType, String bucketName) {
    log.info("tip message: 通过 <{}-{}-{}-{}> 开始初始化<分片上传>数据",
objectName, chunkNum, contentType, bucketName);
    Map<String, Object> resMap = new HashMap<>();
    try {
        if (CharSequenceUtil.isBlank(contentType)) {
            contentType = "application/octet-stream";
        }
        HashMultimap<String, String> headers = HashMultimap.create();

        headers.put("Content-Type", contentType);
        CustomMinioClient client = getCustomMinioClient(minioClient);
        //获取uploadId
        String uploadId = null;
        if (StringUtils.isBlank(fileUploadInfo.getUploadId())) {
            uploadId = client.initMultiPartUpload(bucketName, null,
objectName, headers, null);
        } else {
            uploadId = fileUploadInfo.getUploadId();
        }

        resMap.put("uploadId", uploadId);

        fileUploadInfo.setUploadId(uploadId);
        fileUploadInfo.setChunkNum(chunkNum);

        List<String> partList = new ArrayList<>();

        Map<String, String> reqParams = new HashMap<>();
        reqParams.put("uploadId", uploadId);
        for (int i = 1; i <= chunkNum; i++) {
            reqParams.put("partNumber", String.valueOf(i));
            String uploadUrl = client.getPresignedObjectUrl(
                GetPresignedObjectUrlArgs.builder()
                    .method(Method.PUT)
                    .bucket(bucketName)
                    .object(objectName)
                    .expiry(1, TimeUnit.DAYS)
                    .extraQueryParams(reqParams)
                    .build());
            partList.add(uploadUrl);
        }
        log.info("tip message: 文件初始化<分片上传>、成功");
    }
}

```

```

        resMap.put("urlList", partList);
        return resMap;
    } catch (Exception e) {
        log.error("error message: 初始化分片上传失败、原因:", e);
        // 返回 文件上传失败
        throw new ServiceException("上传失败");
    }
}

/**
 * 分片上传完后合并
 *
 * @param objectName 文件全路径名称
 * @param uploadId 返回的uploadId
 * @param bucketName 桶名称
 * @return boolean
 */
public static boolean mergeMultipartUpload(MinioClient minioClient
,String objectName, String uploadId, String bucketName) {
    try {
        log.info("tip message: 通过 <{}-{}-{}> 合并<分片上传>数据",
objectName, uploadId, bucketName);
        //目前仅做了最大1000分片
        Part[] parts = new Part[1000];
        CustomMinioClient client = getCustomMinioClient(minioClient);
        // 查询上传后的分片数据
        ListPartsResponse partResult = client.listMultipart("oa-cloud",
null, objectName, 1000, 0, uploadId, null, null);
        int partNumber = 1;
        for (Part part : partResult.result().partList()) {
            parts[partNumber - 1] = new Part(partNumber, part.etag());
            partNumber++;
        }
        // 合并分片
        client.mergeMultipartUpload(bucketName, null,objectName,
uploadId, parts, null, null);

    } catch (Exception e) {
        log.error("error message: 合并失败、原因:", e);
        //TODO删除redis的数据
        return false;
    }
    return true;
}
}
...

```

核心功能

核心功能就是CustomMinioClient的初始化的预签名和合并分片

```
...  
package org.springblade.resource.utils;  
  
import com.google.common.collect.Multimap;  
import io.minio.CreateMultipartUploadResponse;  
import io.minio.ListPartsResponse;  
import io.minio.MinioClient;  
import io.minio.ObjectWriteResponse;  
import io.minio.messages.Part;  
  
public class CustomMinioClient extends MinioClient {  
  
    /**  
     * 继承父类  
     * @param client  
     */  
    public CustomMinioClient(MinioClient client) {  
        super(client);  
    }  
  
    /**  
     * 初始化分片上传、获取 uploadId  
     *  
     * @param bucket      String 存储桶名称  
     * @param region      String  
     * @param object       String 文件名称  
     * @param headers      Multimap<String, String> 请求头  
     * @param extraQueryParams Multimap<String, String>  
     * @return String  
     */  
    public String initMultiPartUpload(String bucket, String region, String  
object, Multimap<String, String> headers, Multimap<String, String>  
extraQueryParams) throws Exception {  
        CreateMultipartUploadResponse response =  
this.createMultipartUpload(bucket, region, object, headers,  
extraQueryParams);  
        return response.result().uploadId();  
    }  
}
```

```

/**
 * 合并分片
 *
 * @param bucketName    String 桶名称
 * @param region        String
 * @param objectName    String 文件名称
 * @param uploadId      String 上传的 uploadId
 * @param parts         Part[] 分片集合
 * @param extraHeaders  Multimap<String, String>
 * @param extraQueryParams Multimap<String, String>
 * @return ObjectWriteResponse
 */
public ObjectWriteResponse mergeMultipartUpload(String
bucketName, String region, String objectName, String uploadId, Part[]
parts, Multimap<String, String> extraHeaders, Multimap<String, String>
extraQueryParams) throws Exception {
    return this.completeMultipartUpload(bucketName, region,
objectName, uploadId, parts, extraHeaders, extraQueryParams);
}

/**
 * 查询当前上传后的分片信息
 *
 * @param bucketName    String 桶名称
 * @param region        String
 * @param objectName    String 文件名称
 * @param maxParts      Integer 分片数量
 * @param partNumberMarker Integer 分片起始值
 * @param uploadId      String 上传的 uploadId
 * @param extraHeaders  Multimap<String, String>
 * @param extraQueryParams Multimap<String, String>
 * @return ListPartsResponse
 */
public ListPartsResponse listMultipart(String bucketName, String
region, String objectName, Integer maxParts, Integer partNumberMarker,
String uploadId, Multimap<String, String> extraHeaders,
Multimap<String, String> extraQueryParams) throws Exception {
    return this.listParts(bucketName, region, objectName, maxParts,
partNumberMarker, uploadId, extraHeaders, extraQueryParams);
}
}

```

...

问题解决

配合前端实现了接口之后，发现出现了上传接口的性能问题
由于我们使用的是预签名地址，前端采取了直接调用minio的put接口的方式上传文件，但是minio经常报连接错误

首先先考虑优化minio性能

Minio性能优化：解决“A timeout exceeded while waiting to proceed with the request, please reduce your request”问题

****调整Minio配置****：检查Minio服务器的配置，确保它已配置为处理高并发请求和高数据量。

- * `minio.requests.threads`：增加此参数的值可以增加处理并发请求的线程数。
- * `minio.requests.keepalive`：增加此参数的值可以允许服务器保持更多的活动连接。
- * `minio.requests.timeout`：增加此参数的值可以增加请求的超时时间。

调整参数后，还可以考虑搭建minio集群

但是发现问题还是会出现上传失败的情况

解决浏览器的瓶颈

假设有10个分片，那我们若是直接发10个请求的话，很容易达到浏览器的瓶颈，所以需要前端对请求进行并发处理。

并发处理：这里使用for循环控制并发的初始并发数，然后在 handler 函数里调用自己，这样就控制了并发

重试: retryArr 数组存储每个切片文件请求的重试次数，做累加。比如[1,0,2],就是第0个文件切片报错1次，第2个报错2次。为保证能与文件做对应，const index = formInfo.index; 我们直接从数据中拿之前定义好的index。若失败后，将失败的请求重新加入队列即可。

删除脏文件问题

上传失败后，或者中断后产生的脏文件需要处理，可以再补充一个清理文件的接口，合并失败或者长时间未响应的时机去清理文件

解决完以上问题，基本就可以使用了，但是考虑到更多的优化，比如上传文件的进度条，进度条的展示问题，等等，遇见再解决吧

原文链接: <https://juejin.cn/post/7371297065739599899>